

# Health Technical Memorandum (HTM) 6 Electrical Services

- Published by UK Department of Health
- Provides guidance for design, installation and operation of electrical services in healthcare premise
- Aligns with BS standards
   e.g. BS 7671 (Wiring), BS 5266 (Emergency lighting)



https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/health-technical-memorandum-disinfection-and-sterilization

#### HTM o6 includes:

- O HTM 06-01 Electrical services supply and distribution
- O HTM 06-02 Electrical safety guidance for low voltage systems
- O HTM 06-03 Electrical safety guidance for high voltage systems in healthcare premises

# 2. HTM 06-01 Risk Management Approach

- Design of electrical services based on risk of loss of supply
- Risk Assessment Process



# Risk Management Approach

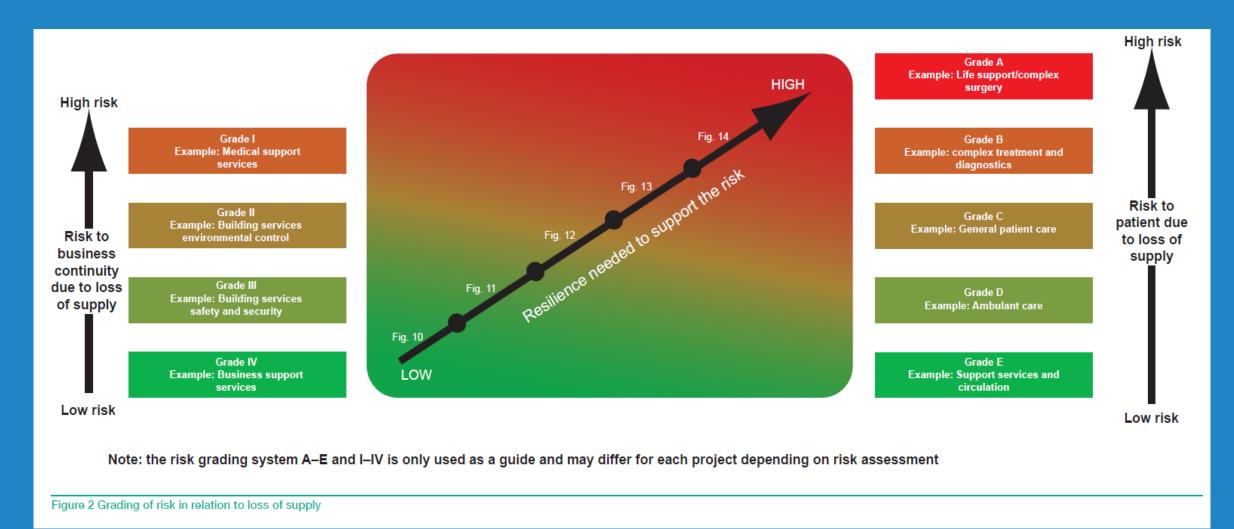
# Risk grading example

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Clinical Services	Risk due to Loss of Supply
A – Life support / Complex Surgery	Threat to life
B – Complex treatment and diagnostics	Clinical treatment and patient safety may be compromised
C - General Patient Care	Clinical treatment and patient safety not immediately compromised
D – Ambulant Care	Disruption, inconvenience and reduced environmental quality
E – Support services and circulation	No immediate effect on clinical treatment or safety of patients

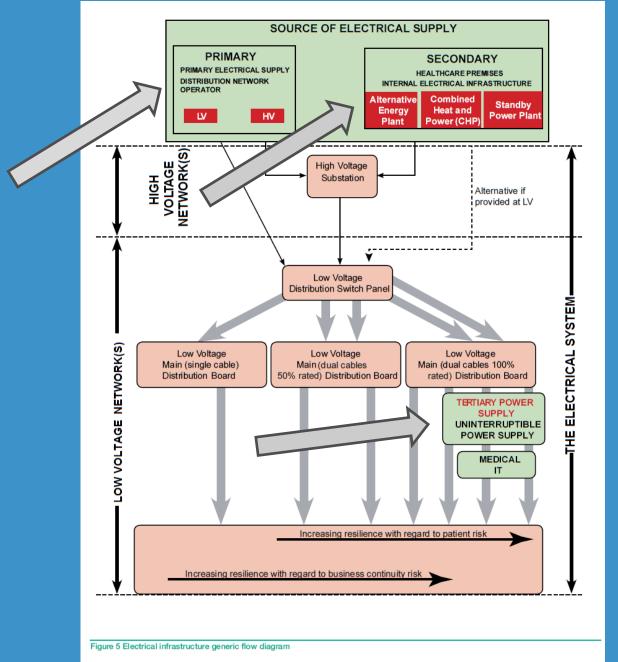
Business Continuity Services	Risk due to Loss of Supply
I – Medical support services	Treatment or welfare of patient disrupted
II – Building Services and environmental control	Treatment or welfare of patients compromised
III – Building services safety and security	Safety and welfare of patients compromised
IV – Business support services	Treatment or welfare of patient not immediately compromise

# Risk Management Approach



# 3. TYPICAL ELECTRICAL SYSTEM INFRASTRUCTURE

- Primary Electrical Infrastructure (PEI):Supplies from Power companies (HV / LV)
- Secondary Power Supply (SPS):
  - Standby Generators
  - CHP systems
- Tertiary Power Supply (TPS):
  - Static UPS
  - Rotary UPS
  - Battery packs



# System design considerations

### Diversity Factor

- Diversity of services and departments vary differently
- Should assess each service and department for a site-wide normalised diversity

# Access for Maintenance

- Minimise disruption caused by maintenance
- Should not compromise space and access of other services (e.g. HVAC, steam system, medical gas system, etc.), and occupational safety of maintenance personnel

# Growth and Change

- Spare transformer capacity for future expansion
- Spare space in distribution board for retrofitting

# 4. POWER QUALITY

#### **Harmonics**

- Caused by nonlinear loads (e.g. electronic equipment)
- Could cause overheating of cables and transformers
- Mitigated by installation of Harmonic filters in electrical distribution system

#### Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) Requirements

- HTM06-01 for hospitals:
  - 5% max. for voltage up to 0.4 kV
  - 4% max. for voltage up to 11 kV
- Building Energy Code (BEC) Table 7.6.2

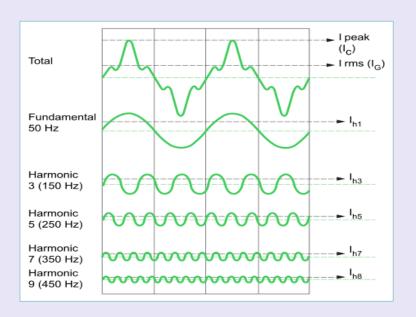
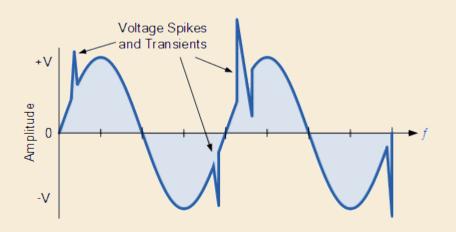


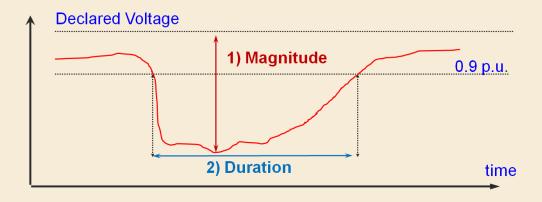
Table 7.6.2: Maximum Total Harmonic Distortion of Current		
Designed Circuit Current (I, in A)	Maximum Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) in Percentage of Fundamental Current	
I < 40A	20.0 %	
40A ≤ I < 400A	15.0 %	
400A ≤ I < 800A	12.0 %	
800A ≤ I < 2000A	8.0 %	
I ≥ 2000A	5.0 %	

# 4. POWER QUALITY

#### Transient voltage and currents

- Short duration of abnormal voltage or current
- Voltage surge/spike
  - Caused by lightning or switching event
  - Mitigated by surge protection devices
- Voltage dip
  - Could cause voltage sensitive devices to malfunction
  - Mitigated by installation of UPS or voltage dip ride-through devices



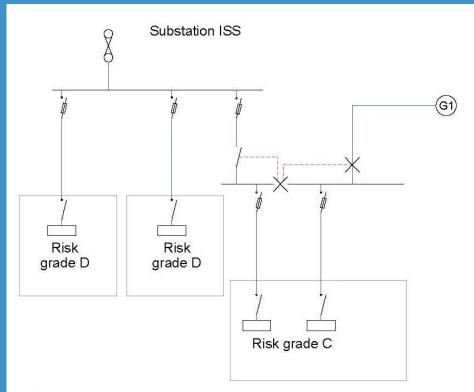


Primary supply configuration (i)

Typical Configurations:

Primary and partial secondary LV
supply

introduces secondary supply (typically standby generator) to support part of network



#### Note:

LV incoming supply – minimal resilience achieved by grade D areas. Grade C area has partial secondary support from a generator with the ability (by manual switching) to be fully supported if a suitably rated generator is available.

Figure 11 Primary and partial secondary LV supply - single cable with partial primary/secondary distribution

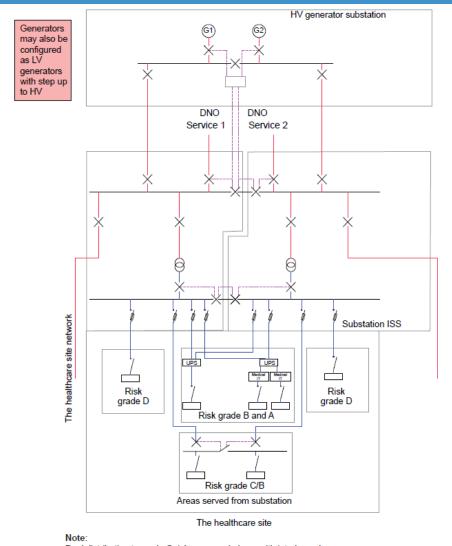
Source: Extracted from HTM 06-01, 2017 edition

Primary supply configuration (ii)

**Typical Configurations:** 

<u>Dual-primary and dual-secondary LV</u> <u>supply</u>

- with single-cable and
- with dual-cable infrastructure (auto-changeover) distribution for area of higher risk

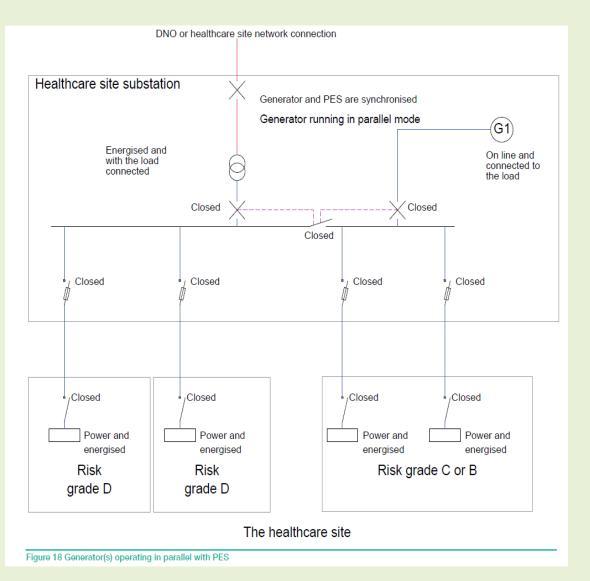


Dual distribution to grade C risk areas and above with interleaved supply to risk grade B and A areas where final circuits are also supported by a UPS and Medical IT system.

Figure 14 Dual-primary and dual-HV-secondary supply – with single-cable and dual-interleaved (autochange) and local UPS-supported distribution

Secondary Supply

- Typically standby generator set AC generator driven by diesel engine
- N+1 configuration two generators each
   capable of full load or three
   generators each
   capable of 50% load



Source: Extracted from HTM o6-o1, 2017 edition

Secondary Supply

Point for plugin mobile generator facilitates further emergency support on generator breakdown / planned maintenance

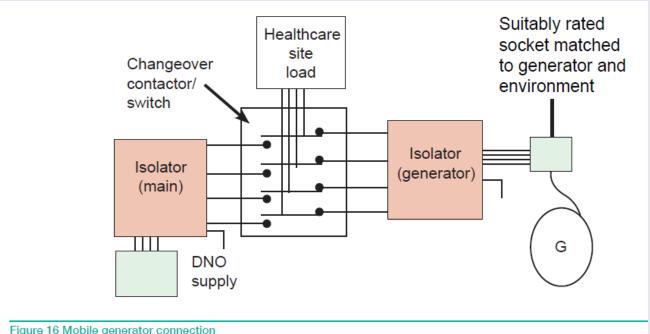


Figure 16 Mobile generator connection

### Secondary Supply

#### Diesel fuel supply and storage

- Dangerous Goods Ordinance
- Day tank
  - Diesel fed to generator by gravity
  - Capacity of 10 hours full load operation
- Bulk/Main tank
  - Diesel pumped to day tank
  - Capacity of 200 hours full load operation

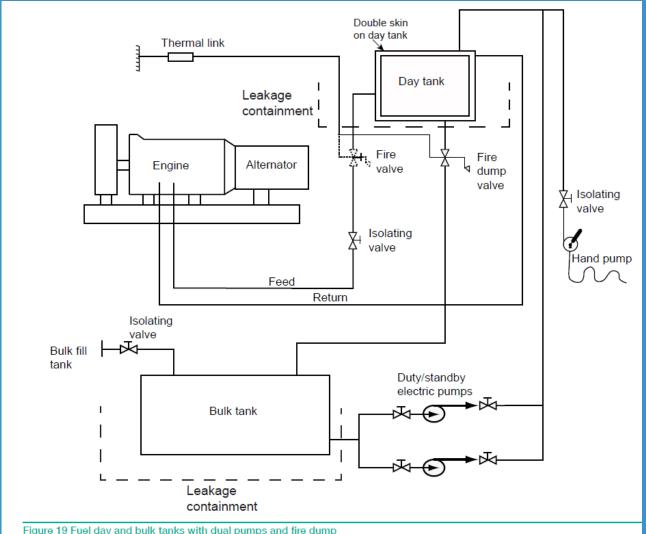
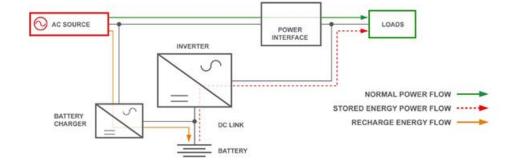
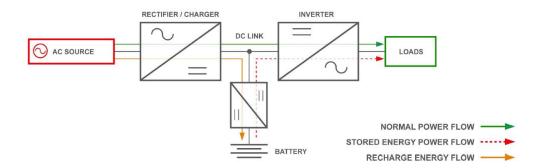


Figure 19 Fuel day and bulk tanks with dual pumps and fire dump

Tertiary Supply
Uninterruptible power supply (UPS) system

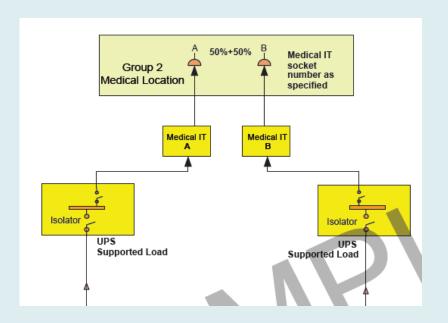
- Single-conversion UPS
  - Battery autonomy up to 15 min.
  - used to safely shut down small computer equipment
- Double-conversion UPS
  - Battery autonomy ranges from 1 to 3 hours
  - Typically used for final circuits in high risk grade area (e.g. OT or ICU of grade A or B)

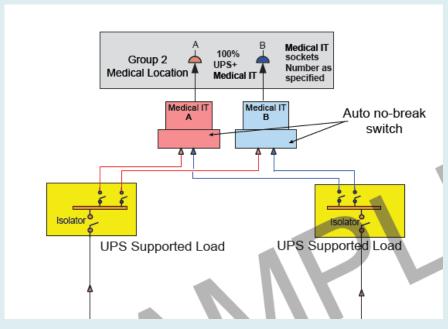




Tertiary Supply
UPS Configurations

- UPS N+1 resilience
  - Grouping multiple UPS units for single location
  - Redundant UPS units each capable of supporting full load with autochangeover

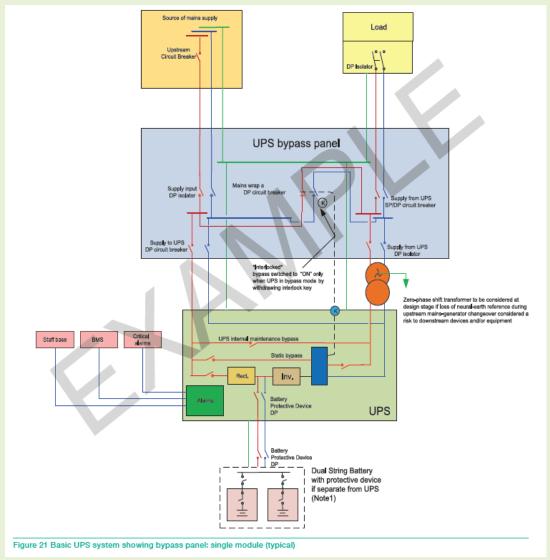




Source: Extracted from HTM o6-o1, 2017 edition

Tertiary Supply UPS system

- Maintenance bypass
- UPS room condition
  - Temperature and humidity control
  - Dust control
  - Avoid proximity to wet service
  - Arrangement of battery storage facilitating sufficient ventilation



ource: Extracted from HTM 06-01, 2017 edition

# 6. Other design considerations

# Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC):

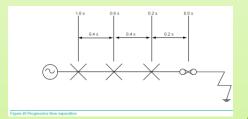
 Prevent interference with medical equipment

#### **Earthing:**

- System earth for protection
- Functional earth for electronic and IT equipment

# Protection Discrimination:

- Protective devices coordinated to isolate fault
- Minimise services affected in case of electrical fault



# Future maintainability and operability:

- Eliminate single point of failure
- Allow partial system shutdown for maintenance / PITC without affecting hospital operation

# 7. Operation and maintenance

▷ In compliance of requirements **Trade** practices Manufacturers' recommendation **Guidelines & Standards** (HTM o6, BS 7671, etc.) **Statutory Requirements** 

# 7. Operation and maintenance

#### Preventive maintenance of critical equipment

#### Emergency generators

- On-load test using building load
- Test function of interlocks and changeover

#### **UPS** batteries

- On load Discharge test
- Test for batteries health status

#### Switchboard

- Test proper function of components (e.g. protective relays, etc.)
- Test for insulation and continuity
- Condition monitoring

# 7. Operation and maintenance

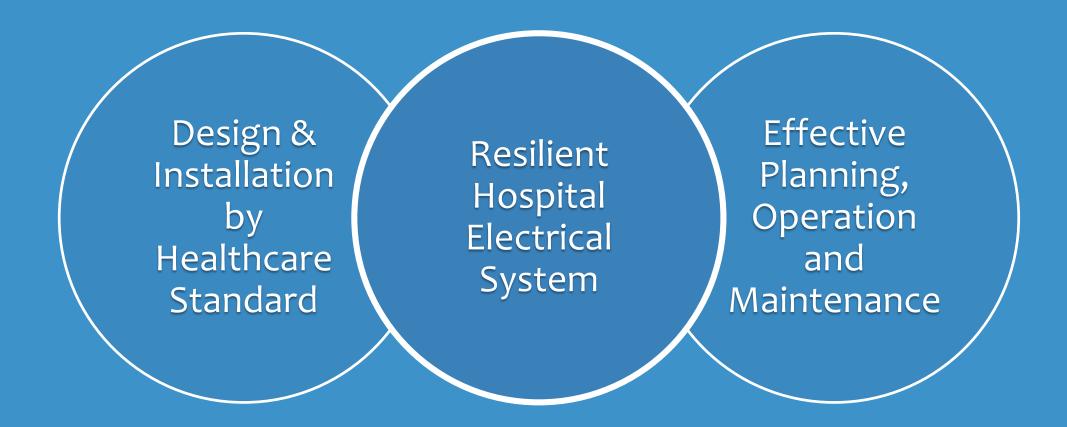
### Power quality and energy monitoring

- Monitoring power supply condition and energy consumption with energy management system and devices
- Identify energy saving opportunities

### Maintenance record keeping

- Keep track of equipment conditions
- Complete record of past adjustment, inspection and test results
- Maintenance schedule, replacement and resource planning

# **SUMMARY**



# Thank You